

## **CIM Qualifications Specification**

**Level 3 Qualification Specification:** 

**CIM Level 3 Award in Content and Channels** 



## **Contents**

| ABOUT CIM  | 3  |
|--|----|
| THE CIM GLOBAL PROFESSIONAL MARKETING FRAMEWORK                      | 4  |
| MODULE AIM   | 5  |
| QUALIFICATION STRUCTURE  |    |
| MODULE PURPOSE   | 5  |
| MODULE CONTENT   | 6  |
| CREDITS, TOTAL QUALIFICATION TIME (TQT), GUIDED LEARNING HOURS (GLH) | 9  |
| ASSESSMENT   | 10 |
| GRADING  | 10 |
| ENTRY REQUIREMENTS   | 11 |
| ACCESSIBILITY & INCLUSION  | 12 |
| RECOGNITION OF PRIOR LEARNING (RPL) AND EXEMPTIONS                   | 12 |
| MEMBERSHIP:  | 12 |
| COMMAND VERBS  | 13 |

#### **About CIM**

CIM is an Ofqual regulated provider and our qualifications are also accredited by the European Marketing Confederation. We currently have over 12,500 studying members in 118 countries and 18,000+ assessments are taken by our students every year.

Our qualifications are delivered through an international network of Accredited Study Centres, enabling you to learn in a way that suits your lifestyle - from flexible awards to full qualifications.

Each module is based on the CIM Global Professional Marketing Framework. Our unique framework is designed to help marketers meet the increasing demands that are expected of them at every stage in their career.

Over 100 years of supporting, developing & representing marketers

12,500+
current studying members

118
countries

18,000+
assessments taken every year

## The CIM Global Professional Marketing Framework

**DIRECTION:** Developing capability by design for understanding & context.

**CAPABILITY:** Knowledge & abilities to deliver against the plan.

**PROFESSIONALISM:** The way we work.

**IMPACT:** The benefits to us, our business, the economy & society.



#### **Module Aim**

This module introduces the types of content marketers can create, as well as the channels that can be used to publish and promote them. On completion of the module, learners will be able to recommend the most appropriate channel to use in their marketing. Learners will be able to interpret the aims and objectives of a business, as well as who their target audience are, and suggest content accordingly. Finally, learners will recognise the links between content and channels, and their suitability in each case.

### **Qualification Structure**

#### **Qualification Size:**

| Qualification Title                       | Size       |
|---|------------|
| CIM Level 3 Award in Content and Channels | 12 Credits |
|   | (120 TQT)  |
|   | (100 GLH)  |

## **Module Purpose**

This module provides an understanding of how marketing channels are decided on and the impact this has on the types of content that can be created. It covers deciding the most appropriate choice of content and channels to ensure effective communications can be created to meet marketing objectives and target audiences.

## **Module Content**

| Learning Outcomes   | Assessment Criteria   | Indicative Content   |
|---|---|--|
| Understand how communications channels are used in marketing. | 1.1 Outline online and offline marketing communications channels.     | <ul> <li>Types of Marketing communications channel.         <ul> <li>E.g. Online and Offline</li> <li>Social media.</li> <li>Websites.</li> <li>Press releases.</li> <li>Email.</li> <li>Search engine optimisation.</li> <li>Pay-per-click advertising.</li> <li>Print materials.</li> <li>Magazine advertisements.</li> <li>Advertorials.</li> <li>Podcasts.</li> <li>Broadcast/outdoor.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Emerging channels/ tools (i.e. Augmented Reality, Artificial Intelligence, Social Channels etc)</li> </ul> |
|   | 1.2 Explain the characteristics of marketing communications channels. | <ul> <li>Integration of channels to form         Communications campaign         <ul> <li>Lead/Primary channel</li> <li>Support/ secondary channels</li> </ul> </li> <li>Advantages and disadvantages of each channel.         <ul> <li>Reach.</li> <li>Costs.</li> <li>Some allow for two-way dialogue.</li> <li>Ethical and environmental</li></ul></li></ul>  |

| 2. Determine the best type of content to use in marketing communications.                           | 2.1 Explain the types of content that can be created for marketing communications.      | <ul> <li>Types of marketing content that can be created</li> <li>Graphics (including infographics and computer-designed imagery)</li> <li>Photography.</li> <li>Short-form video.</li> <li>Long-form video.</li> <li>Written content.</li> <li>Audio.</li> <li>White papers.</li> <li>User-generated content.</li> </ul>  |
|---|---|---|
|   | 2.2 Explore the factors that influence the content selection                            | <ul> <li>Type and complexity of message to be communicated</li> <li>Characteristics of content</li> <li>The '4 Cs'         <ul> <li>Cost</li> <li>Credibility</li> <li>Communications effectiveness</li> <li>control (over the content, e.g. user generated, available to be updated)</li> </ul> </li> <li>Internal considerations when choosing marketing content.         <ul> <li>Equipment</li> <li>Cost</li> <li>Resources</li> </ul> </li> <li>External consideration         <ul> <li>Copyright and intellectual property</li> <li>Legal responsibilities</li> </ul> </li> </ul> |
| 3. Understand how to choose the most suitable channel(s) and content for a communications campaign. | 3.1 Recommend appropriate marketing communications channels to meet campaign objectives | <ul> <li>Target Audience         <ul> <li>demographic</li> <li>psychographic</li> <li>behavioural</li> <li>channel preference</li> <li>consumption</li> </ul> </li> <li>Secondary data to inform decision (e.g. Google Analytics 4, social media metrics)</li> <li>Channel Reach and coverage</li> <li>Type of message being communicated</li> <li>Cost</li> <li>Potential effectiveness for meeting objectives</li> <li>Channel to organisational alignment.         <ul> <li>previous campaigns</li> <li>suitability</li> <li>competitors</li> </ul> </li> </ul>                      |
|   | 3.2 Recommend appropriate marketing content to  | Different content types for different purposes, for example:  |

| meet campaign | 0                         | Awareness and social media.              |
|---------------|---------------------------|--|
| objectives    | 0                         | Consideration and email marketing.       |
|               | 0                         | Conversion and optimised landing pages.  |
|               | 0                         | Retention and email marketing or loyalty |
|               |                           | schemes.                                 |
|               | <ul> <li>Measu</li> </ul> | urability and associated metrics         |
|               |                           |  |

## Credits, Total Qualification Time (TQT), Guided Learning Hours (GLH)

The CIM Level 3 Award has been calculated as carrying 12 credits, which equates to approximately 120 hours of Total Qualification Time (TQT) and 100 Guided Learning Hours (GLH).

**Credits** – Each module has a credit value which indicates how many credits are awarded when a module is completed. The credit value also gives an indication of how long it will normally take to achieve a module or qualification. One credit usually equates to 10 hours of learning.

**Guided learning hours (GLH)** –The number of hours of teacher-supervised or directed study time required to teach a qualification or unit of a qualification.

**Total Qualification Time** – is the amount of time expected to take, on average, to complete the learning outcomes of a module to the standard defined by the assessment criteria and includes:

- guided learning hours
- practical and work-based learning
- assessment preparation time and
- assessment time
- supported self-study time

#### **Assessment**

The assessment method for this module is an Onscreen assessment utilising Multiple Choice Testing. Assessments are employer-driven, practitioner-based, relevant, and appropriate for business needs.

| Module               | Assessment Type   | Availability   |
|----------------------|---|--|
| Content and Channels | Onscreen Multiple-Choice Test<br>50 questions<br>90 Minutes | 6x On-Demand windows<br>(results issued after each close<br>of On-Demand window) |

## **Grading**

#### **Module Grading**

Grading will be applied to each module as well as to the overall qualification.

| Distinction | (D) | 80%+   |
|-------------|-----|--------|
| Merit       | (M) | 70-79% |
| Pass        | (P) | 60-69% |
| Fail        | (F) | 0-59%  |

The percentage mark along with the corresponding grade will be issued for each module. To achieve the total qualification each individual module needs to achieve 60% or above.

## **Entry Requirements**

It is not necessary to have any previous experience or knowledge of marketing to study CIM Level 3 Award in Content and Channels.

If English is not your first language, you will also need to provide evidence of achieving one of the following English Language qualifications within the last two years: IELTS Academic Module with an overall score of 6.5 (each component pass mark must be 6.0 or above) or Cambridge Certificate of Advanced English grade B or above. CIM will consider other equivalent alternatives.

## **Accessibility & Inclusion**

There may be incidents where Learners may require special consideration and reasonable adjustments to the delivery and assessment of qualifications. In the event of this, Centres or candidates should review our Reasonable Adjustments and Special Considerations policy which is available to learners on the **MyCIM Portal** once they are registered.

Reasonable adjustments enable a candidate with additional requirements to demonstrate their knowledge, skills and understanding of the levels of attainment required by the relevant CIM qualification specification. CIM ensures its Reasonable Adjustments Policy aligns with regulatory and legal requirements.

Special Considerations enable a candidate to apply for special consideration to be considered as part of their assessment by way of marks/ percentage of marks for their assessment. The application of Special Consideration focuses on a scenario before or during the assessment that impacted the candidate's ability to perform on the day of an assessment, so they are not disadvantaged by circumstances outside of their control. CIM ensures its Special Considerations Policy aligns with regulatory and Joint Council of Qualifications (JCQ) guidelines.

# Recognition of Prior Learning (RPL) and Exemptions

For further guidance on RPL and exemptions can be found in CIM Exemptions policy.

## Membership:

Alternatively, all students studying CIM qualifications can join at the <u>Affiliate Studying</u> level which allows you to book for any future assessments and access student resources such as EBSCO, Senior Examiner Reports and more.

## **Command Verbs**

#### CIM Level 3 Award in Content and Channels

| Command word | Interpretation of command word  |
|--------------|---|
| Analyse      | Separate information into components and identify their characteristics |
| Apply        | Put into effect in a recognised way                                     |
| Argue        | Present a reasoned case   |
| Assess       | Make an informed judgement  |
| Calculate    | Work out the value of something   |
| Comment      | Present an informed opinion   |
| Compare      | Identify similarities   |
| Complete     | Finish a task by adding to given information                            |
| Consider     | Review and respond to given information                                 |
| Contrast     | Identify differences  |
| Criticise    | Assess worth against explicit expectations                              |
| Debate       | Present different perspectives on an issue                              |
| Deduce       | Draw conclusions from information provided                              |
| Define       | Specify meaning   |
| Demonstrate  | To prove or make clear by reasoning or evidence                         |
| Describe     | Set out characteristics   |
| Develop      | Take forward or build upon given information                            |
| Discuss      | Present key points  |
| Estimate     | Assign an approximate value   |
| Evaluate     | Judge from available evidence   |
| Examine      | Investigate closely   |
| Explain      | Set out purposes or reasons   |
| Explore      | Investigate without preconceptions about the outcome                    |
| Give         | Produce an answer from recall   |
| Identify     | Name or otherwise characterise  |
| Illustrate   | Present clarifying examples   |
| Interpret    | Translate information into recognisable form                            |
| Justify      | Support a case with evidence  |
| Outline      | Set out main characteristics  |
| Prove        | Demonstrate validity on the basis of evidence                           |
| Provide      | Make available for use; supply  |
| Recommend    | Put forward proposals, supported by a clear rationale                   |
| Review       | Survey information  |
| Relate       | Demonstrate connections between items                                   |
| State        | Express in clear terms  |
| Suggest      | Present a possible case   |
| Summarise    | Present principal points without detail                                 |
| Utilise      | To put to use or apply how something is used for a purpose              |